

# DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. 13.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1880.

NO. 142

V. & T. R. R.

Until further notice trains will arrive and leave Reno as follows:

ARRIVING.

6:50 A. M.—daily—local train from Carson.

2:00 P. M.—daily—local train from Virginia and Carson.

8:30 P. M.—daily—express train from Virginia and Carson, connecting with all east and west bound passenger trains of C. P. R. R.

DEPARTING.

6:50 A. M.—daily—express train to Virginia, connecting at Reno with all east and west bound passenger trains of C. P. R. R.

8:00 A. M.—daily—local train for Carson and Virginia.

2:45 P. M.—daily—local train for Carson and Virginia.

C. P. R. R.

Until further notice trains will leave Reno as follows:

7 A. M.—Sundays excepted—local passenger train for Colfax, Sacramento, Benicia and San Francisco.

8:50 P. M.—daily—Pacific express, for Sacramento and San Francisco. Sleeping cars attached from Carson and Reno.

10:00 P. M.—daily—westward, emigrant train for San Francisco.

2:00 A. M.—daily—Atlantic express, for Winnemucca, Battle Mountain (Austin), Palisade (Eureka), Ogden, Omaha and East.

NICHOLS' INFALLIBLE INJECTION. Guaranteed to cure promptly and permanently every case of Gonorrhea, Gleet and Whites, no matter of how long standing, if directions are followed. Internal medicine not recommended or necessary. A cure guaranteed or money refunded. Directions given in English, Spanish, French and German. For sale by Pinniger & Queen, druggists, west side of Virginia street.

## 50 CTS. A WEEK.

All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column for 50 cents per week.

### Superior Workmanship

AT MODERATE charges is guaranteed by Wm. Goegel the watchmaker and jeweler he warrants all his work for 12 months. Store on Virginia St., Reno.

### "Be Thou Clean."

KANE'S XXX BLEACHING SOAP gives the best results with the least labor! Try it. Manufactured by D. S. TALLMAN.

sep 2-1w

### Lost.

ON the 1st of August, a blank receipt book of the South Side Canal Co., somewhere between Reno and my ranch, containing papers of interest or value to no one but the owner. A suitable reward will be given if left with

sep 2-1w A. C. MOFARLIN

### Lost.

A MEMORANDUM BOOK, containing papers of value to none but myself. Please leave at JOURNAL office G. R. HOLCOMBE.

### Announcement.

The cows are getting anxious about their winter's feed; Those little old milk accounts are what the milkmen need.

Pay up in full Sep. 1st and keep the cows in clover; Don't stand us off and not a cow will kick the bucket over.

aug 28-td Yours Purely, A. T. RICE.

### Settle Up.

ALL ACCOUNTS must be settled by cash or note by Sept. 1, or they will be settled by law. Farmers' Co-Operative Association.

John CAHLAN, Manager.

## TO THE READING PUBLIC

### EVERY

### FARMER, MINER AND MERCHANT

In the State of Nevada should have the

### WEEKLY

## NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

### PUBLISHED AT

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA.

### ONLY \$2.50 PER YEAR.

CHEAPEST WEEKLY PAPER IN THE STATE.

Contains FORTY Columns of Reading Matter once a week for twelve months.

Subscription invariably in Advance.

THE

### Weekly Nevada State Journal

### IS A

### JOURNAL FOR THE PEOPLE!

Impartial in tone, and essentially a Family and Business Paper.

THE Publisher trusts it will reflect in a modest way, and, as far as its patronage will warrant, some of the best features of modern journalism. It works for the true interests of the busy State and Town in which it is located—seeks the moral, intellectual and industrial welfare of its people, and hopes to honestly inform and interestingly amuse its readers.

ACUE AND FEVER. No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking quinine. As a simple purgative they are unequalled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. The genuine are never sugar-coated.

Each box has a red-wax seal on the lid, with the impression, MC LANE'S LIVER PILL. Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLane and FLEMING Bros.

Those who have the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepare by

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name McLane, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

## BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

### Classical, Literary and Scientific.

THE

### BERKELEY GYMNASIUM

PREPARES BOYS FOR THE UNIVERSITY.

This institution has the patronage of the Best Families of the Coast. The Fourth Year begins Monday, July 1st. For list of references and full description of Departments of Education, apply for Catalogue to J. F. BURGESS, Superintendent, Berkeley, Cal.

Yesterdays

### HAMMOND & WILSON.

### LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

We are once more in

### OUR NEW STABLE.

Opposite the Depot House.

and are ready to carry on our business as heretofore. The

Snowville and Surprise Valley

Stage will leave the Lake House at their regular hour, as before the fire.

We have the best of Accommodations

to Our Line.

HAMMOND & WILSON Proprietors.

100

G. W. J. WILSON.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES A. GARFIELD,

Of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

Of New York.

San Francisco has rejected the proposed new City Charter by a large majority.

The New York Tribune says of the Vermont election that it looks like the beginning of a Democratic Waterloo.

It is reported in London that the Prince of Wales will go to Australia in October and return by the way of California.

The Lyon county jail is again tenantless. Their last prisoner—a Chinaman—was turned out on the cold charity of the world last Saturday.

It is impossible not to recognize the fact that the Democrats are making a spiritless campaign. The best running was in the early part of the race.

Colonel James G. Fair and party sailed from Havre for New York on Saturday last, and will arrive back on the Comstock about the 5th inst.

It is said that Mr. Williams, who was Attorney-General under Grant, when he left office six years ago, was \$120,000 in debt, which he has fully paid off by the earnings of his law practice in Washington.

The wedding of U. S. Grant, Jr., and Miss Flood, of San Francisco, will not take place until after the Christmas holidays. Mr. Grant is now visiting Gen. Miller, one of the candidates for United States Senator from California.

In 1878 the Republican majority in Vermont was 20,038. This year its plurality is 27,000, with a majority over all of 22,000. There will be one Democrat in the State Senate and the House will be overwhelmingly Republican. The Republicans hold their own in Vermont sure enough.

The strike in the famous Rocky Bar mine, Grass Valley, Cal., is richer than ever. A specimen piece was taken out last Saturday for which they refused an offer of \$2,700. This will be exhibited at the Mechanics' Fair, now in progress in San Francisco. A pending assessment on the Rocky Bar has been rescinded, the rich strike doing away with the necessity for such foolishness.

This is the way a St. Louis paper puts it: "The Nevada Senatorship is again for sale, Mr. Sharon's term being almost out. The seat generally costs half a million dollars, and always goes to the highest bidder. Mr. Sharon is again in the field, and, if he is willing to pay more money than any one else, will no doubt be successful. He rarely goes to Washington, and his pretense of representing the State (in which he does not live) is the merest mockery."

Lewis Clark, the "George Harris" of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is living at Oberlin, Ohio. His skin and beard are almost white. His mother, he says, was a handsome quadroon, the daughter of her master, and his father was a Scotch weaver, who fought in the Revolutionary War. He was born in Kentucky and is sixty-six years old. He was a slave until he was twenty-seven, when he escaped. One of his daughters is a school teacher. He supplied Mrs. Stowe with many incidents for "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The original Uncle Tom, Josiah Hensen, was not whipped to death, and is now a clergyman in Ontario. The crossing on the ice by a woman was in 1841. Eva was Mary A. Logan, who lives in the South. Mr. Clark would be glad to lecture.

A Little More Grape. Captain Bragg

This famous saying has now gone into history as one of the sayings of the rebellion. It is related that Gen. Taylor became so excited during a battle at the stubborn resistance of the enemy and to hasten matters Taylor gave the order, "A little more grape, Captain Bragg!" Now this sounds very well for Sunday School books, but the facts do not bear this remark out, for when Taylor took in the situation, he angrily yelled, "Give the — — — some more grape, Captain Bragg!" — "them!" This is an "e" close as the types (which were carefully reared in the childhood) will permit us to give the exact command. The intellect of average Renoite will readily grasp the misquoted Scripture contained in it.

## FEDERAL FINANCES.

The distinguished feature of soldiers' reunions this year is that they are so largely meetings for mutual congratulation and prospects of the people of improved condition and prospects of the people of the United States. No man of well balanced character can fail to be grateful for the blessings of this period of restored prosperity, who will consider even in the most casual and hasty way the familiar facts of our history during the last nineteen years. At one of his speeches in Ohio President Hayes delivered the annexed interesting statements touching our financial affairs during the great event of the period named:

In reply to a resolution of the Senate the Secretary of the Treasury reported, in June last, a statement of the expenses of the government on account of the war of the rebellion, from July 1, 1861, to June 30, 1879, inclusive. In that official report it is stated that the expenditures growing out of the war, after deducting all the expenses of the government other than those for the war, have amounted to the sum of \$6,189,929, 980.58. This great sum has all been paid in the last nineteen years, except the present amount of the national debt. Deducting the debt which still remains, from this statement of the cost of the war, and it appears that during the four years which have since elapsed, the United States has paid, in excess of all the ordinary and extraordinary expenses of the government in time of peace, more than \$4,275,000,000 on account of the war. This is an average of about \$225,000,000 per year of war expenditures for the last nineteen years. These enormous payments were chiefly during the war and in the years immediately following the war. That such vast expenditures by the government should lead to an inflated currency, to extravagant living and to reckless enterprises, and that these in turn should be followed by that tremendous event, a financial panic and its attendant ruin and distress, were inevitable, and were a part of the price paid for a restored Union, for a stable government and for human freedom. On the 31st of August 1865, the total debt resulting from the war was \$2,756,431,571.43, the interest bearing debt was \$1,381,520,294.96, and the annual interest charge was \$150,977,697.87. Now, after exactly fifteen years have past, the total debt, less cash in the Treasury is \$1,900,000,000; the interest bearing debt is \$1,723,993.100; and the annual interest charge is \$79,633,981. Fifteen years ago the share of the national debt of each inhabitant of the United States was \$78.25, and each person's share of the interest charge was \$4.29. Thousands were induced to believe that such a debt could never be paid, and that our national debt like that of England, would be a perpetual burden upon ourselves and our prosperity. Now, however, the debt has diminished to less than one-half for each inhabitant of what it was in 1865, and the interest charge per capita is scarcely more than one-third of what it was fifteen years ago.

## NATIONAL RESOURCES.

Such being the favorable state of our debt, let us for a moment examine the condition of our resources. The imports and exports for the last thirty years have been as follows:—In the twenty-five years next prior to five years ago the excess of imports over exports—the balance of trade against us—was \$1,500,000,000, and the average annual excess of imports was more than \$60,000,000. In that period of a quarter of a century there were only three years in which the exports exceeded the imports, and in those three years the average annual excess of exports was only about \$9,000,000. Compare this condition of trade with the last five years, during which the excess of exports over imports—the balance of trade in our favor—has been as follows:—1876, \$79,643,481; 1877, \$151,152,094; 1878, \$257,814,234; 1879, \$264,661,665; 1880, \$167,908,359. Total in five years, \$921,179,828, or a yearly average balance of trade in our favor of \$185,000,000.

## GOLD AND SILVER.

In a period of thirty years prior to 1880 there has been only one year in which we received into the country from abroad more of the precious metals than we sent out of the country. That year was an exceptional year—at the beginning of the war. In 1861 our imports of gold and silver exceeded the exports \$16,548,531. In all other years except the last, our exports of the precious metals have exceeded our imports year from \$4,000,000 to \$90,000,000, and have averaged at least \$40,000,000 a year. In 1880, the last fiscal year, the imports of gold and silver exceeded our exports \$75,891,391, a gain from abroad of the precious metals over the previous year of \$80,592,832 and a gain over the average yearly balance of cure past of \$115,000,000. This gain in the precious metals alone of over \$75,000,000 in the first year after the resumption of specie payments, in the fact of confident predictions that re-umption would result in a ruinous contraction of the currency, may well encourage those who wish to take the remaining steps necessary to reach a perfectly sound and healthy condition of the currency. Whatever introduces into our financial system the elements of steadiness, certainty and unquestioned good faith have always been found to increase the facility with which legitimate business can produce the capital it needs. Plausible predictions of contraction and distress are always in such cases falsified by the results. Without further allusion to the mooted question of finance to be hereafter settled, let us pass to other evidences of the increasing prosperity of our country.

## OUR GROWING COMMERCE.

Our foreign commerce has increased in the last thirty years as follows: 1851, \$399,686,689; 1861, \$503,864,375; 1871, \$963,043,862; 1876, \$1,001,125,861; 1879, \$1,150,217,216; 1880, \$1,504,679,489. The value of imports and exports in the year ending June 30, 1880, was greater than the preceding year by the sum of about \$347,000,000—an increase of thirty per cent. and is larger than in any previous year in our history. The enormous gain in the tonnage of

American and foreign vessels entered at seaports of the United States is shown by the following: Tonnage, 1850, 5,000,194 tons; tonnage, 1870, 6,270,189 tons; tonnage, 1880, 15,261,046 tons.

This remarkable increase has been caused by the shipment to foreign countries of an unprecedented amount of the bulky products of American farms. It will be gratifying to the friends of American agriculture to notice the vast increase in the exports of farm products during the last few years:

Bread and bread stuffs 1878, \$98,743,151; 1879, \$210,355,528; 1880, \$288,036,835; provisions 1873, \$78,107,241; 1879, \$116,658,650; 1880, \$127,043,242; animals, living, 1873, \$2,033,447; 1879, \$11,487,754; 1880, \$15,882,128; totals 1873, \$178,973,839; 1879, \$337,901,932; 1880, \$430,962,197.

In those articles the increase of exports in about 240 per cent. in seven years, and 27 per cent. since the last year.

The amount of these three items of farm products exported this year, viz., \$430,962,197, exceeds the total exports of all articles from the United States in any year prior to 1871.

## BUSINESS PROSPERITY.

The failures since the panic of 1873 have ranged from over 5,000 to more than 10,000 per year. The average number has been about 8,000 a year. The amount of liabilities has averaged about \$200,000,000 per year. In the first six months of this year there were only 2,497 failures and the liabilities were only \$32,888,763. The failures are rather more than one-half in number and the liabilities are less than one-third in amount as compared with the five years next after the panic. It is the opinion of competent judges that the number of failures which now occur, and the amount of liabilities in proportion to the amount of business done and the number of enterprises which are undertaken, is less than ever before in this country. Never could the man engaged in legitimate industry or business reckon more confidently upon reasonable remuneration for his labor and capital than at the present time. The people of foreign nations understand this almost as well as we understand it ourselves. From all parts of Europe people are coming to America—people not less thrifty nor less intelligent than those they leave behind—to share with us the abounding prosperity which we now enjoy. They come here to better their condition because we are prosperous, because we are at peace at home and abroad, and because they hope here to find civil and religious liberty guaranteed by the stable government of a united people. These advantages, which so strongly attract immigration, are the truths for which we fought in the war for the Union. Let us resolve to do all we can, in our respective places in life sacredly to guard them, not only for ourselves and our posterity, but for all mankind.

## WHO ENTERS HERE LEAVES HOPE BEHIND.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Times has been visiting the Hospital de San Lazaro, at Havana, the Home of the lepers. This ancient and terrible disease finds many victims among the low-caste Cubans and poverty stricken Chinese, and it reaches its gaunt fingers into better society sometimes. Leprosy is either inherited or induced by poor food, and especially the eating of stale fish. It seems to be a fish-eater's disease, in fact, seldom prevailing at any great distance from the sea.

Leprosy, as seen in the West Indies, is simply a dry-rot. The soul of a man is imprisoned in his body long after he is to all intents and purposes dead, and, with all his mental faculties intact, he must endure the gradual falling apart of his earthly tenement, awaiting with what philosophy he may the hour when the cancerous agent shall touch a vital point. This may not occur for many years—it may happen on the morrow. The traditions of the hospital do not point to any individual case of cure whereby the patient may gain even so faint a hope.

The leading peculiarity of the first patients met loitering in the corridors was a clay like appearance of the skin and a depression or caving in of the nasal portion of the face. The nostrils and lobes of the ear were globular and boles were formed over the eyebrows. The voices of the men nearly all changed, sounding indistinct and painful. Patients were bidden to approach, who hobbled to us upon the stumps of limbs long since robed, by the process of disease, of feet and ankles, and they held out for our inspection miserable remnants of arms, shriveled, warped and decayed, and yet these arms found enough to grasp and remove hats from their matted heads of hair when we tendered a few bits of Spanish currency.

A bright little boy ran toward us with an orange in either hand. He was the pet of the hospital. His mother was an inmate far gone with the disease. He was not yet old enough to know the fate that awaits him. What a pity this little chap is not taken as a subject for scientific experiment. Can it not be that there exists some means of driving out the venom and building up the system of the unhappy progeny of leper when with healthy tissues?

"We cannot consent to allow any form of servile labor to be introduced among us under the guise of immigration,"—Gen. Garfield.

Wm. Goeggel is classed amongst the most skillful watchmakers on the Pacific Coast.

How it is Done.—The first object in life with the American people is to get rich; the second, how to regain good health. The first can be obtained by energy, honesty and saving; the second, (good health,) by using Green's August Flower. Should you be a despondent suffer from any of the effects of dyspepsia, liver complaint, indigestion, &c., such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c., you need not suffer another day. Two doses of August Flower will relieve you at once. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Positively sold by all first-class Druggists.

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## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2, 1880.

The Maine campaign is drawing to a close. The talk among Republicans there is not of the result but of the majority. In the very attitude of the leaders, one can see that the dawn of a brilliant victory has broken upon them. They are not nervous and anxious as they were at this stage of the canvass last year. Another significant fact is that the fusion leaders show signs of confusion and despair. Fusion in politics is never thorough, all history proves this, and there are many loyal Greenback Republicans who have drawn out from this contest because the fusion is

A SURRENDER.

To the Democrats, who, if victorious would claim it as a Hancock victory, which would help the Democratic fight in the country. Though Vermont votes before Maine, the latter is the first State of real significance in the canvass. Mr. Blaine is working like a Trojan, he is continually on the stump, and is at the same time doing the hard vigilant committee work of the canvass. The Maine fight has been a hard one, but the victory will more than repay the party for its labors there. Doubts have been expressed by some northern men of the truth of the statement, that a

CONFEDERATE SOLDIER.

Had applied for pay for his services in the war. I have seen the application and read it through; the claim is made by Robert Hanna, who sets forth that he enlisted August 1st, 1861 in Company "G" 15th South Carolina Regiment Confederate State of America, and claims bounty under the acts of July 22, 1861 and July 28, 1868. He says he was discharged for wounds received, and has applied to the pension office for a pension. The application is bona fide, made through a regular claim agent, is signed by the soldier, and all the papers substantiated by the proper courts of South Carolina. Any one doubting the statement can see the paper by applying to the pension office, at the office of the second Auditor.

COLONEL PIATT.

of the Washington Capitol, is one of the most shrewd politicians in the country; in an issue of his paper before the Democratic Convention met, he said, "the Democracy will have to accomplish almost an impossibility at Cincinnati in acting wisely to save themselves even a decent majority." In his issue of Sunday last, he calls Hancock "that spurned nonentity," of course he does not believe they did act wise enough to save even a decent majority. Colonel Piatt is a hater of the Republican party, but is honest enough to be candid about General Garfield, of whom he says, "he holds the honored position of being the only poor man among political leaders;" he knows that all the slander about General Garfield are without a shadow of truth, and although he does not want to see him elected he testifies to Gen. Garfield's great worth as a man.

Attorney General Devans has gone West to take part in the canvass in Ohio and Indiana.

LOGAN.

"The recent movement of the Chinese to our Pacific coast is too much like an importation to be welcomed without restriction; too much like an invasion to be looked upon without solicitude."—Gen. Garfield.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

CHARLES QUEEN WILL BE A CANDIDATE for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

IN THE CITY.

1864-65

M. NATHAN.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

We escaped the fire and have our full supply

of everything in the furniture and bedding line.

FINE WALNUT AND PINE CHAMBER SETS.

Chairs of Every Description.

All Kinds of Spring and Top Mattresses Lounges, sofas, Tables, Desks, &amp; Window shades, Brackets, Etc.

Agents for the Singer Sewing Machines

Full stock of COFFIN CASES AND UNDERTAKERS' GOODS.

M. NATHAN &amp; CO., Building Virginia

SANDERS &amp; NEALE.

old

VERDI PLANING MILL CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

LUMBER

EVERY DESCRIPTION

MINING AND BRIDGE TIMBERS.

SHINGLES.

Common and Finishing Lumber.

Matched and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling,

Batten Edge Siding, Rustic Siding,

FRIDAY..... SEPTEMBER 10, 1880.

Savings Bank Affairs.  
The following statements from D. B. Boyd, and from the Trustees of the Reno Savings Bank are submitted for publication:

RENO, Nev., Sept. 9, 1880.  
To the Board of Trustees of the Reno Savings Bank:  
I have carefully examined the books and accounts of said Bank, and find as follows:

Total amt. due depositors \$182,715 03  
Due on bills payable..... 59,424 72

Total..... \$242,139 75

ASSETS AS PER BOOKS:

Due from depositors..... \$ 83,651 53  
Due on notes and mortgages 124,302 56  
Real estate and personal property..... 21,945 76  
Reno Gas stock..... 12,633 33  
Miscellaneous assets, stock and cash..... 15,526 30

Total..... \$258,149 48

Excess of as'ts ov'r liabilities \$ 16,009 73

For details see accompanying report.

D. B. BOYD, Cashier.

RENO, Sept. 9, 1880.

We, the Trustees of the Reno Savings Bank, have carefully examined the report of D. B. Boyd and the securities held by the Bank and have deducted from the assets all bad and doubtful accounts, aggregating the sum of \$24,146. And we hereby authorize said D. B. Boyd to immediately collect said assets by suit or otherwise, and distribute the money to the creditors of said Bank.

M. C. LACE,  
L. L. CROCKETT,  
JAS. H. KINEAD,  
JAS. KINEAD,  
Trustees.

Elude Capture.

It is supposed that the two highwaymen who had such a long run on the Bodie road without getting into trouble must have carried with them a prospecting rig of picks, pans, shovels and cooking utensils which they kept in their camp. Thus they were able to play themselves off as honest prospectors. They were doubtless frequently seen by parties in search of the robbers at their camps and while scouting about. All parties so far arrested have been identified.

Judgment Entered.

Judgment with interest and costs has been entered against the Reno Savings Bank, by consent of defendant, in the District Court, in favor of the following named plaintiffs, and for the amounts stated. The suits were for the recovery of sums on deposit with the bank: Thos. E. Haydon, \$640; John Lee, ex. Larcombe estate, \$6,193 32; Jerry Schooling, \$1,117 91; A. Strassburger & Co., \$122 90; C. A. Bragg, \$481 98; and I. Ashcraft, \$1,101.

Divorced.

In the District Court yesterday John W. Boynton was granted a divorce from Mary Boynton, on the ground of habitual intemperance. The property was equally divided.

Sarah M. Plummer was granted a divorce from Paul Plummer. Cause—cruelty and desertion.

New Citizens.

Judge King has admitted the following named persons to citizenship since the opening of the District Court for the present term. Patrick Hickey, M. L. Jodin, John Hayes, Richard Blundell, Thos. Lahart, Hermann Bregge, Richard Psalter, John Burke, Joseph Dunn, Virginia Bonnotte.

For District Attorney.

Chas. Queen will be a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. Charlie is a young man of more than ordinary ability, and if nominated and elected would make a good officer.

Very truly &c. Jno. S. GILSON.

Must Have Room.—Sol Levy will sell his entire new and immense stock of dry goods, carpets and fancy goods at clearance sale prices, for the sake of making room. This is no idle assertion—his store is too small for his present stock and no sacrifice will be considered too great to dispose of the goods; now is the time to make your one dollar worth two dollars.

No larger stock of carpets and lace curtains can be found in this State than Sol Levy has, and judging from the prices at which he offers them he means to sell them all in a day.

Hosiery by the million, to suit all, at Sol Levy's; price no object.

New untrimmed hats, flowers and ribbons in endless variety, at Sol Levy's, for less money than you can possibly imagine.

A fine lot of imported pants cloths at mill prices, at Sol Levy's.

Ladies, gentle and child's undergarments, embroidery, corsets, house furnishing goods, can be bought for less at Sol Levy's store than at any other store on the coast.

Book this: A child can buy goods at Sol Levy's as cheap as a grown person of greatest experience, because he has only one price and that is the very lowest.

Paxton & Curtis' new bank will open for business next Tuesday.

The Truckee is low.

### Trotting Entries.

The following are the entries for the State Fair trotting races:

RACE NO. 4.

2:50 Class; 3 in 5; \$250; \$200 to 1st, \$50 to 2d:

J. J. Nichols of Virginia names bk m, Margo.

Smith Hill, of Reno, names br g Fred B.

E. J. Travis, of Palisade, names blk g Tramp.

John Baxter, of Susanville, names g g Greenback.

E. H. Downer, of Reno, names g h McClellan.

R. V. Borden, of Reno, names s g Col. Perry.

R. V. Borden, of Reno, names d g Buck.

RACE NO. 10.

Mile and repeat for 3-year olds; \$150; \$100 to 1st; \$50 to 2d.

Alf. Hill, of Reno, names s c Salem. C. Jones, of Reno, names blk m Maybird.

M. J. Terney, of Reno, names bay f Mountain Girl.

RACE NO. 11.

2:26 class; 3 in 5; \$400; \$250 to 1st, \$150 to 2d.

Jack Cochrane, of Greenville, names s g Ashley.

E. J. Travis, of Palisade, names blk g Tramp.

Matt Canavan, of Virginia, names br m Maggie C.

O. P. Keyes, of Carson, names br g Brashy John.\*

\*Conditioned, that satisfactory proofs of reinstatement be furnished, and that the owners of other horses entered for this race agree to his starting.

RACE NO. 12.

Two miles and repeat; \$250; \$150 to 1st; \$100 to 2d.

J. J. Nichols, of Virginia, names g h Woodburn.

J. H. Maxwell, of Susanville, names g s Wm. Tell.

M. J. Rapp, of Steamboat, names g h Quincy Chief.

RACE NO. 17.

2:10 class; free for all; \$400; \$250 to 1st; \$150 to 2d.

J. J. Nichols, of Virginia, names blk m Margo.

E. V. Spencer, of Susanville, names br m Eddie Spencer.

E. J. Travis, of Palisade, names blk g Tramp.

H. L. Burns, of Eureka, names br m Fannie.

R. J. Merkley, of Sacramento, names br h Ewing.

E. V. Borden, of Reno, names s g Col. Perry.

R. V. Borden, of Reno, names d g Buck.

RACE NO. 18.

Free for all; 3 in 5; \$300; \$200 to 1st, \$100 to 2d.

Matt Canavan, of Virginia, names br Maggie C.

Jack Cochrane, of Greenville, names s g Ashley.

O. P. Keyes, of Carson, names br g Brashy John.\*

(\*Conditioned as above.)

A Card.

RENO, Sept. 9, 1880.

EDITOR NEVADA STATE JOURNAL:—In the last issue of the Evening Gazette appears an article against me. Now, Mr. Editor, I am totally ignorant of any offence that I have committed that should have induced the publication of so scurrilous an attack as the article referred to. It is a fact too patent for contradiction that it is for the purpose of defeating me before the coming Convention. I have had the honor of filling the office of Justice of the Peace once in Reno, and am proud of the record then made. I have not sought the nomination this time, but should have liked to have had it. If this attack results in my defeat I hope it will do the author much good.

Very truly &c. Jno. S. GILSON.

Two hundred and ninety-one pupils at the public school.

The Democratic County Convention meets to-morrow.

Mother! Mother!! Mother!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a small child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go up and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the little sufferer at once—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the best and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

Jan 10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-697-698-699-699-700-70